

MAC 2313 Calc III Practice Test #1 Ch 12-13

1.) $P(5, 2, -3)$ $Q(1, -7, 4)$

$$\vec{PQ} = \langle -4, -9, 7 \rangle$$

2.) center $(-4, 2, -1)$ radius = 5

$$(x+4)^2 + (y-2)^2 + (z+1)^2 = 25$$

3.) direction angles, α, β, γ $v = \langle -6, 2, -3 \rangle$

$$|v| = \sqrt{(-6)^2 + 2^2 + (-3)^2} = \sqrt{36 + 4 + 9} = \sqrt{49} = 7$$

$$\cos \alpha = -6/7 \quad \cos \beta = 2/7 \quad \cos \gamma = -3/7$$

$$\alpha = \cos^{-1}(-6/7) \quad \beta = \cos^{-1}(2/7) \quad \gamma = \cos^{-1}(-3/7)$$

$\alpha = 2.600$	$\beta = 1.281$	$\gamma = 2.014$ (radians)
$\alpha = 148.997^\circ$	$\beta = 73.398^\circ$	$\gamma = 115.377^\circ$ (degrees)

$$\hat{a} = \langle -2, 4, 6 \rangle \quad \hat{b} = \langle -1, 2, -3 \rangle \quad \hat{c} = \langle 1, 3, -5 \rangle$$

4.) $3\hat{a} + 2\hat{b} - \hat{c} = \langle -6, 12, 18 \rangle + \langle -2, 4, -6 \rangle + \langle -1, -3, 5 \rangle$

$$= \langle -9, 13, 17 \rangle$$

5.) $|\hat{b}| = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + 2^2 + (-3)^2} = \sqrt{1 + 4 + 9} = \sqrt{14}$

6.) $|\hat{c}| = \sqrt{1^2 + 3^2 + (-5)^2} = \sqrt{1 + 9 + 25} = \sqrt{35}$

unit vector = $\frac{1}{|c|} \cdot c$
(u)

$$u = \frac{1}{\sqrt{35}} \langle 1, 3, -5 \rangle = \left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{35}}, \frac{3}{\sqrt{35}}, \frac{-5}{\sqrt{35}} \right\rangle$$

7.) $\hat{a} \cdot \hat{b} = -2 \cdot -1 + 4 \cdot 2 + 6 \cdot -3$
 $= 2 + 8 - 18$

$$\hat{a} \cdot \hat{b} = -8$$

$$8.) \hat{a} \times \hat{c} \quad \hat{a} = \langle -2, 4, 6 \rangle \quad \hat{c} = \langle 1, 3, -5 \rangle$$

$$\hat{a} \times \hat{c} = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ -2 & 4 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & -5 \end{vmatrix} = i(-20-18) - j(10-6) + k(-6-4) \\ = -38i - 4j - 10k = \boxed{\langle -38, -4, -10 \rangle}$$

9.) Area of parallelogram formed by \hat{a} and \hat{c} .

$$|\hat{a} \times \hat{c}| = |\langle -38, -4, -10 \rangle| = \sqrt{(-38)^2 + (-4)^2 + (-10)^2} = \sqrt{1560} = \boxed{2\sqrt{390}}$$

10.) The angle between \hat{b} and \hat{c} . $\hat{b} = \langle -1, 2, -3 \rangle$ $\hat{c} = \langle 1, 3, -5 \rangle$

$$\hat{b} \cdot \hat{c} = -1 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 3 + (-3) \cdot (-5) = -1 + 6 + 15 = 20$$

$$|\hat{b}| = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + 2^2 + (-3)^2} = \sqrt{14} \quad |\hat{c}| = \sqrt{1^2 + 3^2 + (-5)^2} = \sqrt{35}$$

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{\hat{b} \cdot \hat{c}}{|\hat{b}| |\hat{c}|} \quad \cos \theta = \frac{20}{\sqrt{14} \cdot \sqrt{35}} = \frac{20}{\sqrt{490}}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{20}{\sqrt{490}}\right)$$

$$\theta = 25.377^\circ \text{ or}$$

$$\theta = .443 \text{ radians}$$

$$11.) \text{comp}_{\hat{a}} \hat{b} = \frac{\hat{a} \cdot \hat{b}}{|\hat{a}|} = \frac{2+8+18}{\sqrt{(-2)^2+4^2+6^2}} = \boxed{\frac{-8}{\sqrt{56}}}$$

$$12.) \text{proj}_{\hat{a}} \hat{b} = \frac{\hat{a} \cdot \hat{b}}{|\hat{a}|} \cdot \frac{\hat{a}}{|\hat{a}|} = \frac{-8}{\sqrt{56}} \cdot \frac{\langle -2, 4, 6 \rangle}{\sqrt{56}} = \frac{-8}{56} \langle -2, 4, 6 \rangle = \boxed{\langle \frac{2}{7}, \frac{-4}{7}, \frac{-6}{7} \rangle}$$

13.) Vector equation $(2, -4, 1)$ and $(7, 1, -3)$

$$\hat{r} = \hat{r}_0 + t\hat{v} \quad \hat{v} = \text{direction vector} = \langle 7-2, 1+4, -3-1 \rangle = \langle 5, 5, -4 \rangle$$

$$\boxed{\hat{r} = \langle 2, -4, 1 \rangle + t \langle 5, 5, -4 \rangle}$$

14.) plane equation $(1, -2, 3)$ parallel to $2x - 3y + 5z = 8$

$$2x - 3y + 5z = D$$

$$2(1) - 3(-2) + 5(3) = D$$

$$2 + 6 + 15 = D$$

$$23 = D$$

$$\boxed{2x - 3y + 5z = 23}$$

$$15.) \mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t^3 - 2t, t^2 + 5, 3t \rangle \quad t=1 \quad \text{point}(-1, 6, 3)$$

$$\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle 3t^2 - 2, 2t, 3 \rangle \quad \langle -1, 6, 3 \rangle + t \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle$$

$$\mathbf{r}'(1) = \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle$$

$$\begin{cases} x = -1 + t \\ y = 6 + 2t \\ z = 3 + 3t \end{cases}$$

$$16.) y = x^4 @ (2, 16)$$

$$y' = 4x^3$$

$$y'' = 12x^2$$

$$K = \frac{|y''|}{[1 + (y')^2]^{3/2}} = \frac{12x^2}{[1 + (4x^3)^2]^{3/2}} = \frac{12x^2}{[1 + 16x^6]^{3/2}}$$

$$K(2) = \frac{12(2)^2}{[1 + 16(2)^6]^{3/2}} = \frac{48}{[1025]^{3/2}} \approx .0015$$

$$17.) \int_0^1 \langle 2t^2, 5t+3, \sqrt{t} \rangle dt = \int_0^1 2t^2 dt, \int_0^1 5t+3 dt, \int_0^1 t^{1/2} dt$$

$$= \left[\frac{2}{3}t^3 \right]_0^1 + \left[\frac{5}{2}t^2 + 3t \right]_0^1 + \left[\frac{2}{3}t^{3/2} \right]_0^1$$

$$\left\langle \frac{2}{3}, \frac{11}{2}, \frac{2}{3} \right\rangle$$

$$18.) \mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 5 \sin t, -12 \cos t, 13 \cos t \rangle \quad t=0 \text{ to } t=7$$

$$\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle 5 \cos t, -12 \cos t, -13 \sin t \rangle$$

$$|\mathbf{r}'(t)| = \sqrt{(5 \cos t)^2 + (-12 \cos t)^2 + (-13 \sin t)^2} = \sqrt{25 \cos^2 t + 144 \cos^2 t + 169 \sin^2 t}$$

$$= \sqrt{169 \cos^2 t + 169 \sin^2 t} = \sqrt{169(\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t)} = 13$$

$$\int_0^7 13 dt = 13t \Big|_0^7 = 91$$

$$19.) \mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 2t^2, -5t \rangle \quad \mathbf{v}(t) = \mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle 4t, -5 \rangle$$

$$20.) \mathbf{a}(t) = \mathbf{v}'(t) = \langle 4, 0 \rangle$$

$$21.) \text{ speed: } |v'(t)| = \sqrt{(4t)^2 + (-5)^2} = \sqrt{16t^2 + 25}$$

$$22.) \text{ unit tangent vector } T(t) = \frac{r'(t)}{|r'(t)|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{16t^2 + 25}} \langle 4t, -5 \rangle \text{ or } \frac{\langle 4t, -5 \rangle}{\sqrt{16t^2 + 25}}$$

$$23.) T'(t) = (16t^2 + 25)^{-3/2} \langle 4t, -5 \rangle$$

$$T'(t) = (16t^2 + 25)^{-3/2} \langle 4, 0 \rangle + \langle 4t, -5 \rangle \left(-\frac{1}{2} (16t^2 + 25)^{-3/2} (32t) \right)$$

$$T'(t) = (16t^2 + 25)^{-3/2} \langle 4, 0 \rangle + \langle -64t^2, 80t \rangle (16t^2 + 25)^{-3/2}$$

$$T'(t) = (16t^2 + 25)^{-3/2} \left[(16t^2 + 25) \langle 4, 0 \rangle + \langle -64t^2, 80t \rangle \right]$$

$$= (16t^2 + 25)^{-3/2} \left[\langle 64t^2 + 100, 0 \rangle + \langle -64t^2, 80t \rangle \right]$$

$$= \frac{\langle 100, 80t \rangle}{(16t^2 + 25)^{3/2}} \text{ or } \frac{20}{(16t^2 + 25)^{3/2}} \langle 5, 4t \rangle$$

$$24.) |T'(t)| = \frac{20}{(16t^2 + 25)^{3/2}} \sqrt{5^2 + (4t)^2} = \frac{20}{(16t^2 + 25)^{3/2}} \sqrt{25 + 16t^2} = \frac{20}{(16t^2 + 25)^{3/2}} (16t^2 + 25)^{1/2}$$

$$|T'(t)| = \frac{20}{(16t^2 + 25)}$$

$$25.) N(t) = \frac{T'(t)}{|T'(t)|} = \frac{\frac{20}{(16t^2 + 25)^{3/2}} \langle 5, 4t \rangle}{\frac{20}{(16t^2 + 25)}} = \frac{\langle 5, 4t \rangle (16t^2 + 25)}{(16t^2 + 25)^{3/2}} \cdot \frac{(16t^2 + 25)^{1/2}}{20} \cdot 20$$

$$= \frac{\langle 5, 4t \rangle}{(16t^2 + 25)^{1/2}}$$

$$26.) K = \frac{|T'(t)|}{|r'(t)|} = \frac{\frac{20}{(16t^2 + 25)}}{(16t^2 + 25)^{1/2}} = \frac{20}{(16t^2 + 25)} \cdot \frac{1}{(16t^2 + 25)^{1/2}} = \frac{20}{(16t^2 + 25)^{3/2}}$$